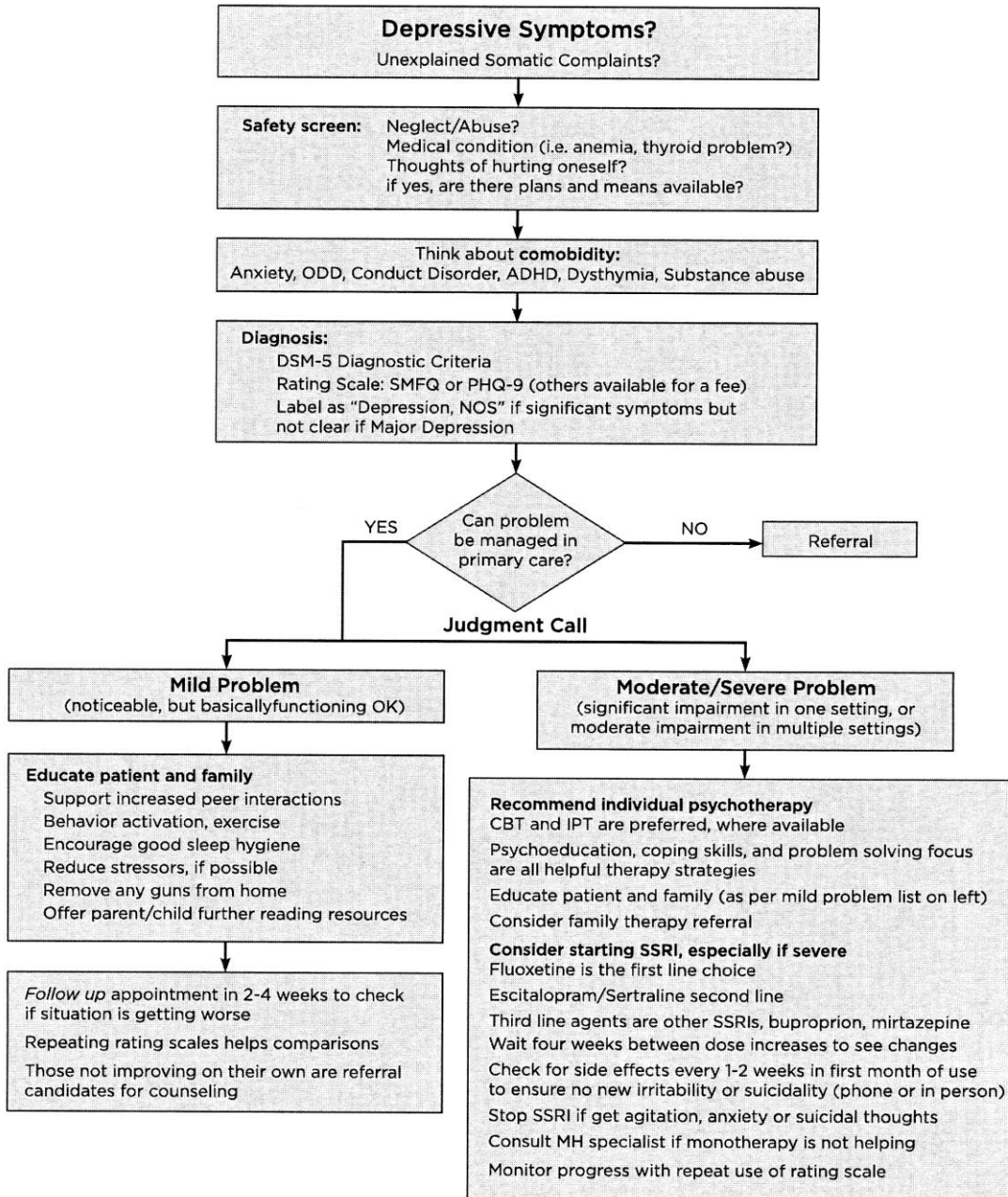


Disclaimer: These referral guidelines have been generated by HHP specialists in collaboration with primary care physicians and are a work in progress. They are provided as general guidance to practicing clinicians, may change with time, and are not intended to supersede the medical judgment of the clinician.

# Depression



**Primary References:**

Jellinek M, Patel BP, Froehle MC eds. (2002): Bright Futures in Practice: Mental Health-Volume I. Practice Guide. Arlington, VA: National Center for Education in Maternal and Child Health: 203-211

Marek JS, Silva S, Vitiello B, TADS team (2006): "The treatment for adolescents with depression study (TADS): methods and message at 12 weeks." JAACAP 45:1393-1403

AACAP (in press): "Practice parameter for the assessment and treatment of children and adolescents with depressive disorders." Accessed 2/08 on www.aacap.org

Zuckerbrot R ed.: "Guidelines for Adolescent Depression in Primary Care (GLAD-PC) Toolkit." Columbia University: Center for the Advancement of Children's Mental Health

## Screening tools:

- CES-DC (Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale for Children) found at

[https://www.brightfutures.org/mentalhealth/pdf/professionals/bridges/ces\\_dc.pdf](https://www.brightfutures.org/mentalhealth/pdf/professionals/bridges/ces_dc.pdf)

- PHQ-9 (Patient Health Questionnaire) found at

[http://www.phqscreeners.com/sites/g/files/g10016261/f/201412/PHQ-9\\_English.pdf](http://www.phqscreeners.com/sites/g/files/g10016261/f/201412/PHQ-9_English.pdf)

## Depression Medications

| Name  | Dosage Form   | Usual starting dose for adolescents               | Increase increment (after 4 weeks) | RCT evidence in kids   | FDA depression approved for children? | Editorial Comments  | Cost of 1 month supply: Generic (Brand) |
|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Fluoxetine (Prozac)   | 10, 20, 40mg<br>20mg/5ml  | 10 mg/day<br>(60mg max)*                          | 10-20mg**                          | Yes  | Yes<br>(over age 8)                   | Long ½ life, no SE from a missed dose   | \$4-5                                   |
| <i>Fluoxetine considered first line due to stronger evidence base in children</i>           |   |   |                                    |  |                                       |   |   |
| Sertraline (Zoloft)   | 25, 50, 100mg<br>20mg/ml  | 25 mg/day<br>(200mg max)*                         | 25-50mg**                          | Yes  | No                                    | May be prone to side effects when stopping  | \$7-15                                  |
| Escitalopram (Lexapro)  | 5, 10, 20mg<br>5mg/5ml  | 5 mg/day<br>(20mg max)*                           | 5-10mg**                           | Yes  | Yes<br>(for adolescents)              | The active isomer of citalopram   | \$10-22                                 |
| <i>Escitalopram and Sertraline considered second line per the evidence base in children</i> |   |   |                                    |  |                                       |   |   |
| Citalopram (Celexa)   | 10, 20, 40mg<br>10mg/5ml  | 10 mg/day<br>(40mg max)*                          | 10-20mg**                          | Yes  | No                                    | Very few drug interactions  | \$4-8                                   |
| Bupropion (Wellbutrin)  | 75, 100mg<br><br>100, 150,<br>200mg<br>SR forms<br><br>150, 300mg<br>XL forms | 75 mg/day<br>(later dose this BD)<br>(400mg max)* | 75-100mg**                         | No   | No                                    | Can have more agitation risk. Avoid if eat d/o. Also has use for ADHD treatment   | \$20-25                                 |
| Mirtazapine (Remeron)   | 15, 30, 45mg  | 15 mg/day<br>(45mg max)*                          | 15mg**                             | No   | No                                    | Sedating, increases appetite  | \$11-30                                 |
| Venlafaxine (Effexor)   | 25, 37.5, 50, 75,<br>100mg<br><br>37.5, 75, 150mg<br>ER forms                 | 37.5 mg/day<br>(225mg max)*                       | 37.5-75mg**                        | No<br><br>(May have higher SI risk than others for children) | No                                    | Only recommended for older adolescents.<br><br>Withdrawal symptoms can be severe. | \$13-30                                 |
| <i>Others above considered third line treatments per the evidence base in children</i>      |   |   |                                    |  |                                       |   |   |

Starting doses in children less than 13 may need to be lowered using liquid forms

Successful medication trials should continue for 6 to 12 months

\*Recommend decrease maximum dosage by around 1/3 for pre-pubertal children

\*\*Recommend using the lower dose increase increments for younger children.

PRIMARY CARE PRINCIPLES FOR CHILD MENTAL HEALTH

Hilt, R. *Seattle Children's Hospital Partnership Access Line Washington Care Guide* 2017, pg.69

**Therapy to consider:** Many therapy options including cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT), interpersonal therapy (IPT), psychodynamic/play therapy, supportive therapy.

## Helpful websites for families

- Parents Med Guide: [www.parentsmedguide.org](http://www.parentsmedguide.org) (information about depression medication)
- National institute of Mental Health:  
<https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/topics/depression/index.shtml> (general depression information)
- American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry:  
[http://www.aacap.org/AACAP/Families\\_and\\_Youth/Resource\\_Centers/Depression\\_Resource\\_Center/Home.aspx](http://www.aacap.org/AACAP/Families_and_Youth/Resource_Centers/Depression_Resource_Center/Home.aspx) (Facts and resources about depression)
- Teen Self-Help Cognitive Behavior Therapy (CBT) guidance:  
[www.dartmouthcoopproject.org/teen-mental-health-2/](http://www.dartmouthcoopproject.org/teen-mental-health-2/)